

IS THERE ANY INTERACTION OF SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF URINE WITH BODY SWEATING?

Muhammad Imran Qadir¹, Muhammad Asad^{1*}

¹Institute of Molecular Biology and Biotechnology, Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan, Pakistan

 OPEN ACCESS

Received: August 04, 2019

Accepted: September 20, 2019

Published: October 01, 2019

*Corresponding Author:

* MUHAMMAD ASAD

1Institute of Molecular Biology and Biotechnology, Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan, Pakistan

Abstract

The goal of current survey was to find scientific association between the specific gravity of urine and body sweating. Around 100 persons were partook in the existing study For Urine Analysis Take urine from the person and dip the urine analysis strip into the urine. Now observe with naked eye and note the reading of strip. Whether it is significant or non-significant. A questionnaire was set to find any type of scientific relation between the body sweating and specific gravity of urine. It was concluded that no scientific interaction exists between body sweating and specific gravity of urine the reason behind this is that the p-value is greater than 0.1 that's why considered as non-significant.

Key Words: Body sweating, Specific gravity, Interaction.

Introduction

The most common and painless way to check if you are fit or not is to take a urine test. Well, what is the specific weight of the urine, there is a test called the specific density of urine, which compares the density of water with the density of urine. This test shows how your kidneys play a role in diluting your urine. If your urine is concentrated, it clearly means your kidneys are not working properly or you are not drinking enough water. Your kidneys play an important role in maintaining electrolyte balance or filtering your blood. Body sweating is necessary. Because it helps the radiator to maintain internal body temperature at ambient temperature. This is how we prevent overheating. Sweating is also called sweating. Sweating is the fluid secreted by the body's sweat glands. It helps to achieve thermoregulation. Sweat contains 99% water and 1% salt and fat. Sweating helps to lose weight. Above normal physical sweating is not harmful, but no sweating has any effect. Eccrine and apocrine glands contribute to the secretion of sweat.

Materials and Method

The goal of current survey was to find scientific association between the specific gravity of urine and body sweating.

Around 100 persons were partook in the existing study

For Urine Analysis Take urine from the person and dip the urine analysis strip into the urine. Now observe with naked eye and note the reading of strip. Whether it is significant or non-significant

A questionnaire was set to find any type of scientific relation between the body sweating and specific gravity of urine.

Statistical Analysis

MS-Excel and t-test was used to done statistical analysis.

Result and Discussion

Association between specific gravity of urine and body sweating is given in Table 1. Table 1 simplify that no scientific interaction exists between body sweating and specific gravity of urine. the reason

behind this is that the p-value is greater than 0.1 that's why considered as non-significant.

Table 1: Specific Gravity of urine relation with Body Sweating (Mean±SD)

Gender	Body Sweating	No Body Sweating	p-value
Male	1.02±0.006	1.03±0.01	0.16
Female	1.023±0.009	1.021±0.21	0.33

($p > .05$ hence p considered as non-significant)

A questionnaire was set to find any type of scientific relation between the body sweating and specific gravity of urine.

Conclusion

It was concluded that no scientific interaction exists between body sweating and specific gravity of urine the reason behind this is that the p-value is greater than 0.1 that's why considered as non-significant.

References

- 1) Baylis C, Vallance P. Measurement of nitrite and nitrate levels in plasma and urine—what does this measure tell us about the activity of the endogenous nitric oxide system? Current opinion in nephrology and hypertension. 1998 Jan 1; 7(1):59-62.
- 2) McMENAMY RH, Lund CC, Neville GJ, Wallach DF. Studies of unbound amino acid distributions in plasma, erythrocytes, leukocytes and urine of normal human subjects. The Journal of clinical investigation. 1960 Nov 1;39(11):1675-87.
- 3) Qadir MI, Shahzad R (2018) Awareness about obesity in postgraduate students of biotechnology. Int J Mod Pharma Res, 7(2): 14-16.
- 4) Qadir MI, Rizvi M (2018) Awareness about thalassemia in post graduate students. MOJ Lymphology&Phlebology, 2(1): 14-16.
- 5) Qadir MI, Ghalia BA (2018) Awareness survey about colorectal cancer in students of M. Phil Biotechnology at Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan, Pakistan. Nov Appro in Can Study, 1(3): NACS.000514.2018.
- 6) Qadir MI, Saba G (2018) Awareness about intestinal cancer in university student. Nov Appro in Can Study, 1(3): NACS.000515.2018.
- 7) Qadir MI, Mehwish (2018) Awareness about psoriasis disease. Int J Mod Pharma Res, 7(2): 17-18.
- 8) Qadir MI, Shahzad R (2018) Awareness about obesity in postgraduate students of biotechnology. Int J Mod Pharma Res, 7(2): 14-16.
- 9) Qadir MI, Rizvi M (2018) Awareness about thalassemia in post graduate students. MOJ Lymphology&Phlebology, 2(1): 14-16.
- 10) Qadir MI, Ghalia BA (2018) Awareness survey about colorectal cancer in students of M. Phil Biotechnology at Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan, Pakistan. Nov Appro in Can Study, 1(3): NACS.000514.2018.
- 11) Qadir MI, Saba G (2018) Awareness about intestinal cancer in university student. Nov Appro in Can Study, 1(3): NACS.000515.2018.